Sirmio

Technical notes and abbreviations

Cue line The cue line is discontinued - blank bars or discontinued staff depending on layout considerations - when the ensemble rhythm is fairly obvious. Only **G.P.** indicates a literal overall silence. Rests in cue bars only refer to the latest cue instrument, and are not shown for extended periods. The cue line shows dynamics where necessary for establishing balance (i.e. most of the time) but often leaves out articulations where these just clutter the page and have no particular cueing significance.

Transposing instruments (Clarinet in A, English Horn). These are only shown in transposition in the relevant parts. In the full score, piano score and cue lines - including those for transposing instruments - they appear at concert pitch. The cue line and score occasionally uses unorthodox clefs for these instruments which do not appear in the parts themselves.

Piano Where a pedal marking automatically produces legato, the corresponding slur is omitted.

Abbreviations and indications

lead	-	warning to take initiative after the pulse may have been
		obscured e.g. through long notes or persistent syncopation.
Solo	-	instrument plays alone, without implying emphasis or
		important tune.
tutti	-	entry in rhythmic unison by all or substantial part of ensemble
with I	F l -	or 'with Ob', 'with Cl' etc. = <i>rhythmic</i> unison with the
		instrument in question, though some instances are also pitch
		or octave doublings.
watch	Pf	or 'watch Fl' etc. Warning of situation as for 'lead' above,
		involving more than one instrument.

SIRMIO































































































































